l	DRIVING UNDER THE INFLUENCE MODIFICATIONS
2	2018 GENERAL SESSION
3	STATE OF UTAH
4	Chief Sponsor: Steve Eliason
5	Senate Sponsor: J. Stuart Adams
6 7	LONG TITLE
3	General Description:
	This bill modifies penalties for driving under the influence if the individual is also
	convicted for driving in the wrong direction during the same occurrence.
	Highlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 prohibits a plea to impaired driving if the individual was driving under the influence
	and if the individual was also driving in the wrong direction on a freeway or
	controlled-access highway during the same occurrence;
	• increases the penalty for driving under the influence to a class A misdemeanor if the
	individual was also driving in the wrong direction on a freeway or controlled-access
	highway during the same occurrence;
	 modifies ignition interlock requirements for an individual convicted of driving
	under the influence if the individual was also driving in the wrong direction on a
	freeway or controlled-access highway during the same occurrence;
	 modifies the definition of an alcohol restricted driver to include certain individuals
	convicted of driving under the influence while also driving in the wrong direction
	on a freeway or controlled-access highway; and
	 makes technical changes.
	Money Appropriated in this Bill:



None

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O	ther Special Clauses:
	This bill provides a special effective date.
U	tah Code Sections Affected:
A	MENDS:
	41-6a-503, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2009, Chapter 214
	41-6a-518.2, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 149
	41-6a-529 (Superseded 12/30/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 226
	41-6a-529 (Effective 12/30/18), as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapter 283
В	e it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 41-6a-503 is amended to read:
	41-6a-503. Penalties for driving under the influence violations.
	(1) A person who violates for the first or second time Section 41-6a-502 is guilty of a:
	(a) class B misdemeanor; or
	(b) class A misdemeanor if the person:
	(i) has also inflicted bodily injury upon another as a proximate result of having
op	perated the vehicle in a negligent manner;
	(ii) had a passenger under 16 years of age in the vehicle at the time of the offense; [or]
	(iii) was 21 years of age or older and had a passenger under 18 years of age in the
ve	chicle at the time of the offense[-]; or
	(iv) at the time of the violation of Section 41-6a-502, also violated Section 41-6a-714.
	(2) A person who violates Section 41-6a-502 is guilty of a third degree felony if:
	(a) the person has also inflicted serious bodily injury upon another as a proximate
re	sult of having operated the vehicle in a negligent manner;
	(b) the person has two or more prior convictions as defined in Subsection
41	1-6a-501(2), each of which is within 10 years of:
	(i) the current conviction under Section 41-6a-502; or
	(ii) the commission of the offense upon which the current conviction is based; or
	(c) the conviction under Section 41-6a-502 is at any time after a conviction of:
	(i) automobile homicide under Section 76-5-207 that is committed after July 1, 2001;
	(ii) a felony violation of Section 41-6a-502 or a statute previously in effect in this state

59	that would constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502 that is committed after July 1, 2001; or
60	(iii) any conviction described in Subsection (2)(c)(i) or (ii) which judgment of
61	conviction is reduced under Section 76-3-402.
62	(3) A person is guilty of a separate offense for each victim suffering bodily injury or
63	serious bodily injury as a result of the person's violation of Section 41-6a-502 or death as a
64	result of the person's violation of Section 76-5-207 whether or not the injuries arise from the
65	same episode of driving.
66	Section 2. Section 41-6a-518.2 is amended to read:
67	41-6a-518.2. Interlock restricted driver Penalties for operation without ignition
68	interlock system.
69	(1) As used in this section:
70	(a) "Ignition interlock system" means a constant monitoring device or any similar
71	device that:
72	(i) is in working order at the time of operation or actual physical control; and
73	(ii) is certified by the Commissioner of Public Safety in accordance with Subsection
74	41-6a-518(8).
75	(b) (i) "Interlock restricted driver" means a person who:
76	(A) has been ordered by a court or the Board of Pardons and Parole as a condition of
77	probation or parole not to operate a motor vehicle without an ignition interlock system;
78	(B) within the last 18 months has been convicted of a driving under the influence
79	violation under Section 41-6a-502 that was committed on or after July 1, 2009;
80	(C) (I) within the last three years has been convicted of an offense that occurred after
81	May 1, 2006 which would be a conviction as defined under Section 41-6a-501; and
82	(II) the offense described under Subsection (1)(b)(i)(C)(I) is committed within 10 years
83	from the date that one or more prior offenses was committed if the prior offense resulted in a
84	conviction as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2);
85	(D) (I) within the last six years has been convicted of a violation of Section 41-6a-502
86	and Section 41-6a-714 during the same occurrence, and the offense occurred after May 8,
87	<u>2018; and</u>
88	(II) the offense described under Subsection (1)(b)(i)(D)(I) is committed within 10 years
89	from the date that one or more prior offenses were committed if the prior offense resulted in a

90	conviction as defined in Subsection 41-6a-501(2);
91	[(D)] (E) within the last three years has been convicted of a violation of this section;
92	[(E)] (F) within the last three years has had the person's driving privilege revoked for
93	refusal to submit to a chemical test under Section 41-6a-520, which refusal occurred after May
94	1, 2006;
95	[(F)] (G) within the last three years has been convicted of a violation of Section
96	41-6a-502 and was under the age of 21 at the time the offense was committed;
97	(H) within the last four years and six months has been convicted of a violation of
98	Section 41-6a-502 and Section 41-6a-714 during the same occurrence, and the offense occurred
99	after May 8, 2018;
100	[(G)] (I) within the last six years has been convicted of a felony violation of Section
101	41-6a-502 for an offense that occurred after May 1, 2006; [or]
102	(J) within the last nine years has been convicted of a felony violation of Section
103	41-6a-502 and a violation of Section 41-6a-714 during the same occurrence, and the offense
104	occurred after May 8, 2018;
105	[H) within the last 10 years has been convicted of automobile homicide under
106	Section 76-5-207 for an offense that occurred after May 1, 2006[-]; or
107	(L) within the last 13 years has been convicted of a violation of automobile homicide
108	under Section 76-5-207 and a violation of Section 41-6a-714 during the same occurrence, and
109	the offense occurred after May 8, 2018.
110	(ii) "Interlock restricted driver" does not include a person:
111	(A) whose conviction described in Subsection (1)(b)(i)(C)(I) is a conviction under
112	Section 41-6a-517; and
113	(B) whose prior convictions described in Subsection (1)(b)(i)(C)(II) are all convictions
114	under Section 41-6a-517.
115	(2) The division shall post the ignition interlock restriction on a person's electronic
116	record that is available to law enforcement.
117	(3) For purposes of this section, a plea of guilty or no contest to a violation of Section
118	41-6a-502 which plea was held in abeyance under Title 77, Chapter 2a, Pleas in Abeyance,
119	prior to July 1, 2008, is the equivalent of a conviction, even if the charge has been subsequently
120	reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance agreement.

121	(4) An interlock restricted driver who operates or is in actual physical control of a
122	vehicle in the state without an ignition interlock system is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.
123	(5) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of a violation of Subsection (4) if:
124	(a) the interlock restricted driver operated or was in actual physical control of a vehicle
125	owned by the interlock restricted driver's employer;
126	(b) the interlock restricted driver had given written notice to the employer of the
127	interlock restricted driver's interlock restricted status prior to the operation or actual physical
128	control under Subsection (5)(a);
129	(c) the interlock restricted driver had on the interlock restricted driver's person, or in
130	the vehicle, at the time of operation or physical control employer verification, as defined in
131	Subsection 41-6a-518(1); and
132	(d) the operation or actual physical control described in Subsection (5)(a) was in the
133	scope of the interlock restricted driver's employment.
134	(6) The affirmative defense described in Subsection (5) does not apply to:
135	(a) an employer-owned motor vehicle that is made available to an interlock restricted
136	driver for personal use; or
137	(b) a motor vehicle owned by a business entity that is entirely or partly owned or
138	controlled by the interlock restricted driver.
139	Section 3. Section 41-6a-529 (Superseded 12/30/18) is amended to read:
140	41-6a-529 (Superseded 12/30/18). Definitions Alcohol restricted drivers.
141	(1) As used in this section and Section 41-6a-530, "alcohol restricted driver" means a
142	person who:
143	(a) within the last two years:
144	(i) has been convicted of:
145	(A) a misdemeanor violation of Section 41-6a-502;
146	(B) alcohol, any drug, or a combination of both-related reckless driving under Section
147	41-6a-512;
148	(C) impaired driving under Section 41-6a-502.5;
149	(D) local ordinances similar to Section 41-6a-502, alcohol, any drug, or a combination
150	of both-related reckless driving, or impaired driving adopted in compliance with Section
151	41-6a-510;

132	(E) a violation described in Subsections (1)(a)(1)(A) through (D), which judgment of
153	conviction is reduced under Section 76-3-402; or
154	(F) statutes or ordinances previously in effect in this state or in effect in any other state
155	the United States, or any district, possession, or territory of the United States which would
156	constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502, alcohol, any drug, or a combination of both-related
157	reckless driving, or impaired driving if committed in this state, including punishments
158	administered under 10 U.S.C. Sec. 815; or
159	(ii) has had the person's driving privilege suspended under Section 53-3-223 for an
160	alcohol-related offense based on an arrest which occurred on or after July 1, 2005;
161	(b) within the last three years has been convicted of a violation of this section or
162	Section 41-6a-518.2;
163	(c) within the last five years:
164	(i) has had the person's driving privilege revoked for refusal to submit to a chemical
165	test under Section 41-6a-520, which refusal occurred on or after July 1, 2005; or
166	(ii) has been convicted of a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 41-6a-502
167	committed on or after July 1, 2008;
168	(d) within the last seven years has been convicted of a violation of Section 41-6a-502
169	and Section 41-6a-714 during the same occurrence, and the offense occurred after May 8,
170	<u>2018;</u>
171	[(d)] <u>(e)</u> within the last 10 years:
172	(i) has been convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) which offense
173	was committed within 10 years of the commission of a prior offense described in Subsection
174	(1)(a)(i) for which the person was convicted; or
175	(ii) has had the person's driving privilege revoked for refusal to submit to a chemical
176	test and the refusal is within 10 years after:
177	(A) a prior refusal to submit to a chemical test under Section 41-6a-520; or
178	(B) a prior conviction for an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) which is not
179	based on the same arrest as the refusal;
180	(f) within the last 15 years has been convicted of a violation of Section 41-6a-502 and
181	Section 41-6a-714 during the same occurrence, which offense was committed within 10 years
182	of the commission of a prior offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) for which the person was

183	convicted, and the offense occurred after May 8, 2018;
184	[(e)] (g) at any time has been convicted of:
185	(i) automobile homicide under Section 76-5-207 for an offense that occurred on or
186	after July 1, 2005; or
187	(ii) a felony violation of Section 41-6a-502 for an offense that occurred on or after July
188	1, 2005; or
189	[(f)] (h) at the time of operation of a vehicle is under 21 years of age.
190	(2) For purposes of this section and Section 41-6a-530, a plea of guilty or no contest to
191	a violation described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) which plea was held in abeyance under Title 77,
192	Chapter 2a, Pleas in Abeyance, prior to July 1, 2008, is the equivalent of a conviction, even if
193	the charge has been subsequently reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance
194	agreement.
195	Section 4. Section 41-6a-529 (Effective 12/30/18) is amended to read:
196	41-6a-529 (Effective 12/30/18). Definitions Alcohol restricted drivers.
197	(1) As used in this section and Section 41-6a-530, "alcohol restricted driver" means a
198	person who:
199	(a) within the last two years:
200	(i) has been convicted of:
201	(A) a misdemeanor violation of Section 41-6a-502;
202	(B) alcohol, any drug, or a combination of both-related reckless driving under Section
203	41-6a-512;
204	(C) impaired driving under Section 41-6a-502.5;
205	(D) local ordinances similar to Section 41-6a-502, alcohol, any drug, or a combination
206	of both-related reckless driving, or impaired driving adopted in compliance with Section
207	41-6a-510;
208	(E) a violation described in Subsections (1)(a)(i)(A) through (D), which judgment of
209	conviction is reduced under Section 76-3-402; or
210	(F) statutes or ordinances previously in effect in this state or in effect in any other state,
211	the United States, or any district, possession, or territory of the United States which would
212	constitute a violation of Section 41-6a-502, alcohol, any drug, or a combination of both-related
213	reckless driving, or impaired driving if committed in this state, including punishments

214	administered under 10 U.S.C. Sec. 815; or
215	(ii) has had the person's driving privilege suspended under Section 53-3-223 for an
216	alcohol-related offense based on an arrest which occurred on or after July 1, 2005;
217	(b) within the last three years has been convicted of a violation of this section or
218	Section 41-6a-518.2;
219	(c) within the last five years:
220	(i) has had the person's driving privilege revoked for refusal to submit to a chemical
221	test under Section 41-6a-520, which refusal occurred on or after July 1, 2005; or
222	(ii) has been convicted of a class A misdemeanor violation of Section 41-6a-502
223	committed on or after July 1, 2008;
224	(d) within the last seven years has been convicted of a violation of Section 41-6a-502
225	and Section 41-6a-714 during the same occurrence, and the offense occurred after May 8,
226	<u>2018;</u>
227	[(d)] <u>(e)</u> within the last 10 years:
228	(i) has been convicted of an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) which offense
229	was committed within 10 years of the commission of a prior offense described in Subsection
230	(1)(a)(i) for which the person was convicted; or
231	(ii) has had the person's driving privilege revoked for refusal to submit to a chemical
232	test and the refusal is within 10 years after:
233	(A) a prior refusal to submit to a chemical test under Section 41-6a-520; or
234	(B) a prior conviction for an offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) which is not
235	based on the same arrest as the refusal;
236	(f) within the last 15 years has been convicted of a violation of Section 41-6a-502 and
237	Section 41-6a-714 during the same occurrence, which offense was committed within 10 years
238	of the commission of a prior offense described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) for which the person was
239	convicted, and the offense occurred after May 8, 2018;
240	[(e)] (g) at any time has been convicted of:
241	(i) automobile homicide under Section 76-5-207 for an offense that occurred on or
242	after July 1, 2005; or
243	(ii) a felony violation of Section 41-6a-502 for an offense that occurred on or after July
244	1. 2005:

245	[(f)] (h) at the time of operation of a vehicle is under 21 years of age; or
246	[(g)] <u>(i)</u> is a novice learner driver or a novice licensed driver.
247	(2) For purposes of this section and Section 41-6a-530, a plea of guilty or no contest to
248	a violation described in Subsection (1)(a)(i) which plea was held in abeyance under Title 77,
249	Chapter 2a, Pleas in Abeyance, prior to July 1, 2008, is the equivalent of a conviction, even if
250	the charge has been subsequently reduced or dismissed in accordance with the plea in abeyance
251	agreement.
252	Section 5. Effective date.
253	This bill takes effect on May 8, 2018, except that the amendments to Section 41-6a-529
254	(Effective 12/30/18) take effect on December 30, 2018.

Legislative Review Note Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel